IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete list of all claims now pending. This listing replaces all earlier versions and listings of the claims.

1.-70. (Cancelled)

71. (Original) Internet address informing method suing an Internet facsimile apparatus for transmitting and receiving an image by an Internet facsimile transmitting/receiving function and an ordinary facsimile transmitting/receiving function, characterized in that

an Internet facsimile apparatus on a transmitting side transmits an Internet facsimile function, and Internet address thereof on first and second signals in a standard protocol of ordinary facsimile communication, and

an Internet facsimile apparatus on a receiving side detects and registers the Internet facsimile function, and Internet address of said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side, carried on the first and second signals in the standard protocol of ordinary facsimile communication, as destination data, and when transmission is to be performed for said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side thereafter, communicates with said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side by using the Internet address in the destination data.

- 72. (Original) The method according to claim 71, characterized in that the ordinary facsimile communication is G3 facsimile communication, the first signal is a TSI signal and carries the telephone number of said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side, and the second signal is an NSS signal and carries the Internet facsimile function and Internet address of said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side.
- 73. (Original) The method according to claim 72, characterized in that the Internet facsimile function is stored in a fourth octet of the NSS or NSF signal and transmitted, and the Internet address is stored in fifth to twenty-fifth octets of the NSS or NSF signal and transmitted.
- 74. (Original) The method according to claim73, characterized in that the fourth octet of the NSS or NSF signal is not 0 when the Internet facsimile function is present, and is 0 when the Internet facsimile function is not present.
- 75. (Original) The method according to claim 71, characterized in that said Internet facsimile apparatus on the receiving side transmits the Internet facsimile function and Internet address thereof on a third signal in the standard protocol of ordinary facsimile communication, and

said Internet facsimile apparatus on the transmitting side detects and registers the Internet facsimile function and Internet address of said Internet facsimile apparatus on the receiving side, carried on the third signal in the standard protocol of ordinary facsimile communication, as destination data, and when transmission is to be

performed for said Internet facsimile apparatus on the receiving side thereafter, communicates with said Internet facsimile apparatus on the receiving side by suing the Internet address in the destination data.

- 76. (Original) The method according to claim 75, characterized in that the standard facsimile communication is G3 facsimile communication, and the third signal lis an NSF signal and carries the Internet facsimile function and Internet address of said Internet facsimile apparatus on the receiving side.
- 77. (Original) The method according to claim 76, characterized in that the Internet facsimile function is stored in a fourth octet of the NSS or NSF signal and transmitted, and the Internet address is stored in fifth to twenty-fifth octets of the NSS or NFS signal and transmitted.
- 78. (Original) The method according to claim 77, characterized in that the fourth octet of the NSS or NSF signal is not 0 when the Internet facsimile function is present, and is 0 when the Internet facsimile function is not present.

79.-100. (Cancelled).